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Difficulty sustaining the agreed treatment plan Childhood asthma

Child Health Nursing | Focused diagnosis-based template

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Fictional educational example. Individualize using verified patient findings, authorized treatment and current local protocols. No real patient record or observed outcome is claimed.

Clinical assessment

Subjective: Wheeze during play and nighttime cough after missing controller treatment.

Objective findings and required checks: Expiratory wheeze and reduced activity; severity and device technique need assessment.

Physical examination and investigations: Assess speech, work of breathing, oxygenation and peak flow when age and ability permit.

Supply actual values, units, timing and trends during supervised application. Do not invent missing clinical data.

Clinical focus and pathophysiology

Childhood asthma: Inflammation and bronchoconstriction narrow airways and cause variable airflow obstruction.

Medical / surgical management

Follow the child's asthma action plan, give prescribed inhaled therapy and reassess response.

Illustrative drug and treatment study

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Medicine / treatment	Purpose	Nursing checks
Prescribed reliever inhaler	Relieve acute bronchoconstriction	Check technique, spacer use and response
prescribed controller	Reduce airway inflammation	Review adherence, technique and adverse effects.

Treatment examples are not a prescription. Verify the authorized product, dose, route, timing, contraindications and current local product information.

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Focused nursing-problem template

Nursing diagnoses use original clinical problem wording. They are not the licensed NANDA-I classification. Verify any formal label or code against your institution's licensed current edition; select actual or risk diagnoses only when supported by assessment.

Context task: Establish the immediate clinical priorities and verify the baseline before assuming a diagnosis.

Set individualized measurable targets and an exact review time. Select actual or risk statements only when supported by assessment.

Assessment: subjective / objective	Nursing diagnosis: original problem wording	Short- and longer-term goals	Nursing interventions with rationale	Evaluation
Ask: Ask about missed treatment, side effects, cost and beliefs without blame. Assess: Review the medication list, refill access and ability to follow instructions.	Difficulty sustaining the agreed treatment plan. Possible factors: treatment burden, access barriers or uncertainty. Validate against the patient's assessment.	Short-term: At the next patient-specific reassessment: Identifies one practical barrier and agrees on a feasible solution. Longer-term: Before the clinically approved transition or agreed follow-up: Has an affordable treatment and follow-up plan verified with the team.	1. Explore the reason for difficulty before suggesting solutions. Rationale: Different barriers require different responses. 2. Reconcile medicines and involve pharmacy or community services when needed. Rationale: A simpler, accurate plan can reduce avoidable errors. 3. Agree reminders, support and follow-up using shared decision-making. Rationale: Plans are more sustainable when they fit the person's circumstances. 4. Follow the child's asthma action plan, give prescribed inhaled therapy and reassess response. Rationale: Inflammation and bronchoconstriction narrow airways and cause variable airflow obstruction. The condition-specific plan addresses the underlying problem while response is monitored.	Record the baseline and reassessed finding, the time and whether this goal is met, partly met or not met. If not met, reassess causes and revise or escalate. Do not record an unobserved improvement.

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Apply this template

Complete with verified data: assessment cues; supported actual problem or risk; measurable outcome and review time; selected authorized interventions and rationale; observed response and next action.

Subjective / objective cues: _____

Patient-specific target and review time: _____

Evaluation evidence and next action: _____

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Health education and continuing care

Have child and caregiver demonstrate inhaler/spacer use and explain school and home action plans.

Transition only after clinical readiness is confirmed. Reconcile medicines, check access and caregiver support, and document who will review the patient and when.

Urgent warning signs

Difficulty speaking, exhaustion, cyanosis, silent chest or reduced consciousness is an emergency.

Evaluation and conclusion

For each goal, document met, partly met or not met using observed evidence and the review time. Reassess and revise if progress is inadequate. Individual assessment, prioritized care and coordinated review guide this topic.

Quick Revision

- Inflammation and bronchoconstriction narrow airways and cause variable airflow obstruction.
- Priority concerns: Difficulty sustaining the agreed treatment plan.
- Difficulty speaking, exhaustion, cyanosis, silent chest or reduced consciousness is an emergency.
- Have child and caregiver demonstrate inhaler/spacer use and explain school and home action plans.

Exam / viva: What assessment evidence supports this problem, and what measurable result would demonstrate improvement?

References

Nursing Fundamentals, 2e - Ernstmeyer & Christman (editors), Open RN / WisTech Open, 2024
https://wtcs.pressbooks.pub/nursingfundamentals/

Health conditions A to Z: external further reading - NHS
https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/

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Nursing Pharmacology, 2e - Ernstmeyer & Christman (editors), Open RN / WisTech Open, 2023
https://wtcs.pressbooks.pub/pharmacology2e/

B.Sc. Nursing curriculum and regulatory notifications - Indian Nursing Council
https://www.indiannursingcouncil.org/gazette-notification

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